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# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW Duty:		
vendor's agent	Peters Real Estate 475-477 High Street, Maitland, NSW 2320	Phone: Fax: Ref:	4933 7855 4933 1120 Tim Peters	
co-agent				
vendor	Grange Estates (NSW) Pty Limited ACN 079 Trust Suite 20, Level 1/19-21 Central Road, Mirand		for Maitland Vale	
vendor's solicitor	Tranter Lawyers 341 High Street, Maitland NSW 2320 DX 21623 Maitland	Phone: Fax: Ref: E:matt@	02 4934 2600 02 4934 2620 MRT:SE:36877 tranterlawyers.com.au	
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	See special condition 43 (clause 15) Lot 301 Lizard Avenue, Maitland Vale, New South Wales 2320 Unregistered Plan: Lot 301 in an unregistered plan which is part of Lot 221 Plan 1239804 Folio Identifier Part 221/1239804			
improvements	✓ VACANT POSSESSION       ☐ subject to exist         ☐ HOUSE       ☐ garage       ☐ carport       ☐ home         ☐ none       ☒ other: Vacant land		e	
attached copies		ked or as numbered	:	
	permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in t			
inclusions	☐ blinds       ☐ dishwasher         ☐ built-in wardrobes       ☐ fixed floor coverings         ☐ clothes line       ☐ insect screens         ☐ curtains       ☐ other:	☐ light fittings ☐ range hood ☐ solar panels	☐ pool equipment ☐ TV antenna	
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price deposit balance	\$ <u>\$</u> \$	(10% of the price, t	unless otherwise stated)	
contract date	(if r	not stated, the date	this contract was made)	
buyer's agent See Annexure 'A' to Vend	dor Execution			
vendor	GST AMOUNT (optional The price includes GST of: \$		witness	
purchaser	ΓENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequa	al shares	witness	

C	L	_	=	_	_	_

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3) <b>Proposed</b> <i>electronic transaction</i> (clause 30)	☐ NO ☐ no	☐ yes ☐ YES	
Tax information (the parties promise the	nis is correct as f	ar as each party is	aware)
Land tax is adjustable  GST: Taxable supply  Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply  This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of to not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpolation of the course of supply because the sale is the supply of a going GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going input taxed because the sale is of eligible resident	⊠ NO □ NO □ NO he following may a brise that the vende to be registered for g concern under se d or farm land sup	yes yes in full yes apply) the sale is: or carries on (section GST (section 9-5 ection 38-325 olied for farming un	yes to an extent on 9-5(b)) (d)) der Subdivision 38-O
Purchaser must make an <i>RW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	contract date, the	further de ails below are not	fully completed at the de all these details in a
<b>RW payment (residential withh</b> Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sentity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is page	ometimes further i	nformation will be re	equired as to which a GST joint venture.
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of <i>RW payment</i> : \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above detai	ls for each supplie	r.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the <i>RW</i> .  Amount must be paid:   AT COMPLETION   at another any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in	er time (specify):	thholding rate): ☐ yes	\$
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-		ration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the	ATO forms):		



# **List of Documents**

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
1 property certificate for the land   2 plan of the land   3 unregistered plan of the land   4 plan of land to be subdivided   5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan   6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979   7 section information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)   8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)   9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)   10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract   11 planning agreement   12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)   13 survey report   14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation   15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)   16 other document relevant to tenancies   17 licence benefiting the land   18 old system document   20 building management statement   21 form of requisitions   22 clearance certificate   23 land tax certificate   25 brochure or warning   26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover   Swimming Pools Act 1992   27 certificate of compliance   28 evidence of registration   29 relevant occupation certificate   30 certificate of non-compliance   31 detailed reasons for non-compliance   32 detailed reasons for non-compliance   33 detailed reasons for non-compliance   34 detailed reasons for non-compliance   35 detailed reasons for non-compliance   36 detailed reasons for non-compliance   37 detailed reasons for non-compliance   38 detailed reasons for non-compliance	32 property certificate for strata common property   33 plan creating strata common property   34 strata by-laws   35 strata development contract or statement   37 strata renewal proposal   38 strata renewal plan   39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property   40 property certificate for neighbourhood property   41 plan creating neighbourhood property   42 neighbourhood development contract   43 neighbourhood development statement   44 property certificate for precinct property   45 plan creating precinct property   46 precinct development contract   47 precinct management statement   48 property certificate for community property   49 plan creating community property   50 community development contract   51 community management statement   52 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement   54 document disclosing a change in boundaries   55 information certificate under Strata Schemes   Management Act 2015   56 information certificate under Community Land   Management Act 1986   57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale   Other   58
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS number	S – Name, address, email address and telephone

# Annexure 'A' to Vendor Execution

Executed on behalf of <b>Grange Estates (NSW) Pty Limited ACN 079 624 909</b> by its attorney <b>Timothy Gerard Peters</b> pursuant to registered Power of Attorney Book 4691 No 473, in the presence of:	Signature of attorney:
Signature of witness:	
Name of witness:	
Address of witness:	

# **IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS**

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

# WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

# WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

# **COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)**

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

# DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

# **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

# WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office

Council

**County Council** 

**Department of Planning and Environment** 

**Department of Primary Industries** 

**East Australian Pipeline Limited** 

**Electricity and gas** 

**Land & Housing Corporation** 

**Local Land Services** 

**NSW Department of Education** 

**NSW Fair Trading** 

**NSW Public Works Advisory** 

Office of Environment and Heritage

Owner of adjoining land

Privacy

Roads and Maritime Services Subsidence Advisory NSW

Telecommunications

Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3. Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

# 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union:

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that

covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract

date to completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System Goods and Services Tax

Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract; party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;

planning agreement a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property;* an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); remittance amount the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the

amount specified in a variation served by a party:

rescind this contract from the beginning;

RW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the RW rate);

RW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as

at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party.

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*;

within

in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or m

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or

clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

# Deposit and other payments before completion

2

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or quarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

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- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

#### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as
  - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond -
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
  - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser-
  - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to termination a notice disputing the purchaser's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.

# 4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
  - 4.1.1 the form of transfer and
  - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

# 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
  - 5.2.2 If it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

# 7 Claims by purchaser

The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
  - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
  - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
  - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed—
  - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
  - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
  - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
  - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
  - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
  - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

### 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
  - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
  - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

#### 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
  - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded, and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either-
  - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
    - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
    - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
  - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

# 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
  - 10.11 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
  - 40.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
  - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract:
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

### 11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

# 12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
  - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
  - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date, and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

# 13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
  - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
  - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
  - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the GST rate.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
  - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
  - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way:
  - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST* rate ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows.—
    - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the deposithoider is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
    - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
  - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
  - the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
  - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
  - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if
  - 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
  - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
  - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
  - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an RW payment the purchaser must
  - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
  - produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payer immediately after completion; and
  - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the RW payment.

#### 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
  - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
  - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
    - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
    - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
    - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
  - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property or any adjoining footpath or road.

### 15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

# 16 Completion

#### Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.

#### Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
  - deposit paid;
  - remittance amount payable;
  - RW payment; and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
  - 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

### Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
  - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
  - if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
  - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

### 17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
  - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
  - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

# 18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
  - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
  - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
  - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
  - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
  - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor—
  18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

- if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

#### 19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
  - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
  - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
  - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
  - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
  - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
  - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages; costs or expenses.

#### 20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
  - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
  - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
  - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
  - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in \$170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
  - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
  - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
  - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
  - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
  - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor sening a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

# 21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

# 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

# 23 Strata or community title

#### Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
  - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
    - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
    - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract;
    - a change in the boundaries of common property;
  - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
  - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law:
  - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
  - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under \$22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under \$47 Community Land Management Act 1989.
  - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
  - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
  - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
  - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation; means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
    - normal expenses:
    - due to fair wear and tear:
    - disclosed in this contract; or
    - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

# Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
  - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
  - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
  - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
  - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
  - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
  - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
  - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6, or
  - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
  - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
  - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme
    - · a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
    - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
  - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

# Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

# Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
  - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
  - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

#### 24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
  - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
  - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
  - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
    - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
    - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
    - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
    - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
    - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
    - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
    - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
  - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
  - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
    - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
    - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
    - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
    - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
    - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
  - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
  - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
  - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document --
  - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
  - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
  - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
  - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
  - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
  - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
  - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
  - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
  - 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
  - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
  - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- 27 Consent to transfer
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a planning agreement.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) within 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
  - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
  - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
  - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement, or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

- 28 Unregistered plan
- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
  - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

# 29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
  - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
  - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
  - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
    - either party serving notice of the event happening;
    - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
    - · the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
  - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind;
  - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either party serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

### 30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
  - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed electronic transaction;
  - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
  - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
  - 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an electronic transaction, a party serves a notice that it will not be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.3.1 each party must -
    - · bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
    - otherwise bear that party's own costs;
    - incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and
  - if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
  - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the participation rules;
  - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL:
  - a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
  - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
    - · after the effective date: and
    - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by \$13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
  - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
  - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
  - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
  - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
  - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
  - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
  - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
  - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
  - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
  - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
  - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
  - 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least 1 business day before the date for completion, the parties must ensure that -
  - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
  - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
  - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
  - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
  - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30,17.3 / clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the Electronic Workspace allows the parties to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the Land Registry being inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties
  - 30.13.1 normally, the parties must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financials settlement occurs
  - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgement Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of titles and
  - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or thinas -
  - 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; 30.15.2 the party entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures certificate of title

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate:

completion time

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to

be settled;

conveyancing rules

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

**ECNL** 

be transferred to the purchaser; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date:

electronic document

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace:

electronic transfer

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancina rules:

incoming mortgagee

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

mortgagee details

the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules populate

the participation rules as determined by the ENCL; to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data

the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

#### Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding 31

- This clause applies only if -31.1
  - the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA 31.1.1 Act: and
  - 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
  - 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
  - 31.2.2 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the remittance amount payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the remittance amount.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

# **Special Conditions**

# 32. Additional definitions and interpretation

### 32.1. Additional Definitions

In addition to the definitions stated in Clause 1 of the Printed Form, the following definitions apply to this Contract:

Authority means any government, administrative, fiscal or judicial body, department, commission, authority, tribunal, agency, Minister, statutory body or entity having jurisdiction in relation to the property.

Claim means any claim, demand or cause of action (whether based in contract, equity, tort or statue), loss, liability, cost, compensation, damage or expense.

Land means the land to be acquired by the purchaser as described on the front page of this contract.

Minor Alteration includes any of the following:

- (a) An alteration (whether required by the vendor, or by an Authority) which does not materially and detrimentally affect the construction of a dwelling house on the Land or which has been disclosed in this contract;
- (b) An alteration in the dimensions or area of the Land of:
  - i. 5% or less in the area of the Land; or
  - ii. 5% or less in the linear dimensions of the Land;
- (c) An alteration to the number or numbering of lots in the Preliminary Plan or the Plan; or
- (d) An alteration in respect of the dimensions, position, layout or omission of any lot other than the Land.

Object means delay or attempt to delay completion, make or assert a Claim, rescind or terminate this contract or attempt to rescind or terminate this contract or withhold or require a retention of all part of the price.

*Plan* means the plan to be Registered, generally in accordance with the draft plan of subdivision to create title for the Land (with or without any changes permitted under this contract), a copy of which is attached to this contract.

Plan Instrument means the instrument pursuant to section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW) (if any) intended to be Registered with the Plan with or without any changes permitted under this contract, a copy of which is attached to this contract.

Preliminary Plans means the plan or plans of subdivision (if any) to be Registered before the Plan is Registered, copies of which are attached to this contract.

Preliminary Plan Instruments means the instrument or instrument (if any) pursuant to Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW) intended to be Registered with any Preliminary Plan, copies of which are attached to this contract.

Printed Form means the New South Wales printed form of Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition that forms part of this contract.

Property Information means any documents and other information (in written form of otherwise):

- (a) Relating to the Land or Estate; and
- (b) Made available or disclosed to the purchaser by the vendor or vendor's representatives prior to the contract date, including any reports, information memorandum or other promotional material.

Reference Schedule means the schedule attached to this contract as Attachment 1.

Registered means registered by the registrar of titles (or has equivalent status) in the Land and Property Information NSW.

Registered Restrictions means the restrictions on use of land, easements and covenants registered or to be registered on the title to the Land.

Registration means the Plan has been approved by all relevant Authorities and Registered.

Registration Sunset Date means the date being 10 October 2019.

Special Conditions means clauses 32 to 51 of this contract.

# 32.2 Additional Interpretation

In this contract the following rules of interpretation apply in addition to clause 20 of the Printed Form:

- 33.2.1 headings are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation;
- 33.2.2 person includes an individual, the estate of an individual, a corporation, an Authority, an association or a joint venture (whether incorporated or unincorporated), a partnership and a trust;
- 33.2.3 a reference to a statue includes its delegated legislation and a reference to a statue or delegated legislation or a provision of either includes consolidations, amendments, re-enactments and replacements;
- a word importing the singular includes the plural (and vice versa) and a word indicating a gender includes every other gender;
- 33.2.5 a reference to a clause, schedule, exhibit, attachment or annexure is a reference to a clause, schedule, exhibit, attachment or annexure to or of this contract, and a reference to this contract includes all schedules, exhibits, attachments and annexures to it;
- 33.2.6 a reference to a party includes the party's successors and permitted assigns;

- if a word or phrase is given a defined meaning, any other part of speech or grammatical form of that word or phrase has a corresponding meaning;
- 33.2.8 includes in any form is not a word of limitation; and
- 33.2.9 a reference to \$ or dollar is to Australian currency.

#### 33. Amendments to Printed Form

- 33.1. The Printed Form is amended as follows:
  - 33.1.1. Clause 1 delete the definition of "deposit bond";
  - 33.1.2. Clause 2.4 delete the words "by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or";
  - 33.1.3. Clauses 2.6, 2.7 and 2.9 are deleted;
  - 33.1.4. Clause 3 is deleted;
  - 33.1.5. Clause 6.1 replace the words "(as to the property, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not)" with the words "(as to the property or the title of the Land)";
  - 33.1.6. Clause 7.1.1 is deleted;
  - 33.1.7. Clause 10.1 delete the first line of clause 10.1 and replace it with "The purchaser cannot Object in respect of –";
  - 33.1.8. Clause 10.1.8 replace "substance" with "existence" and delete "or";
  - 33.1.9. Clause 10.1.9 replace "substance" with "existence" and the full stop with "; or",
  - 33.1.10. Clause 10.2 replace "rescind or terminate" with "Object";
  - 33.1.11. Clause 10.3 replace "claim or requisition or rescind or terminate" with "Object";
  - 33.1.12. Clause 16.5 delete the words ", plus another 20% of that fee";
  - 33.1.13. Clause 16.7 delete the words "cash (up to \$2,000) or";
  - 33.1.14. Clause 23 to 29 (inclusive) are deleted.

# 34. Priority of Conditions

To the extent there is any inconsistency between any of the Special Conditions and the Printed Form, the Special Conditions prevail over the Printed Form.

### 35. Entire agreement

# 35.1. No warranty, representation or reliance

The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that:

- (a) This contract represents the whole of the agreement reached between the parties and no other terms, conditions or covenants shall be implied in this contract or arise between the parties by way of collateral or other agreements or by reason of any alleged warranty or representation given or made by one party to the other at the time of or prior to the execution of this contract;
- (b) It has not been induced to enter into this contract by any warranty or representation, verbal or otherwise, made by or on behalf of any other party which is not included in this contract; and

(c) Despite the terms of this clause, if any warranty or representation has been made by the vendor or its agent or representative, then the purchaser confirms, by execution of this contract, that the purchaser has placed no reliance on such warranty or representation in executing this contract.

# 35.2 No objection by purchaser

Subject to any rights of the purchaser under any legislation which cannot be excluded, the purchaser must not Object in respect of the matters dealt with in this clause.

# 36. Registration of Plan

### 36.1. Application of clause

This clause 36 applies where the Land is a lot in an unregistered plan as at the contract date.

# 36.2. <u>Contract conditional on registration of Plan</u>

- 36.2.1. This contract is conditional upon Registration occurring by the Registration Sunset Date.
- 36.2.2. The vendor must, at its cost, take reasonable steps to satisfy the condition in clause 36.2.1 by the Registration Sunset Date.
- 36.2.3. The vendor must serve notice of Registration within a reasonable time after Registration occurs.

# 36.3. Rescission of contract

- 36.3.1. If Registration does not occur by the Registration Sunset Date then either party may rescind this contract by serving a notice (Rescission Notice) at any time after 2 business days after the Registration Sunset Date and before notice of Registration is given by the Vendor.
- 36.3.2. If the vendor wishes to rescind this contract pursuant to clause 36.3.1 the vendor must serve the Rescission Notice at least 28 days before the proposed rescission date and the Rescission Notice must specify why the vendor is proposing to rescind the contract and the reason for the delay in Registration.
- 36.3.3. The purchaser must after being served with the Rescission Notice under clause 36.3.2, serve notice advising the vendor as to whether the purchaser consents to the rescission of the contract and in this regard, the purchaser must act reasonably and without delay.
- 36.3.4. Nothing in this clause 36.3 precludes the vendor from applying to the Supreme Court of NSW for an order permitting the vendor to rescind this contract under clause 36.3.1.
- 36.3.5. This contract is rescinded under clause 36.3.2 if:
  - (a) the purchaser consents to the rescission;
  - (b) the vendor has obtained an order of the Supreme Court of NSW permitting the vendor to rescind this contract under clause 36.3.1; or

- (c) the *Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW)* regulations otherwise permit the vendor to rescind the contract under clause 36.3.1.
- 36.3.6. If this contract is rescinded pursuant to clauses 36.3.1 or 36.3.2, the deposit will be refunded to the purchaser and neither party will have any further Claim against the other because of the rescission.

### 36.4. Alterations to Land, plans and plan instruments

- 36.4.1. Subject to clause 36.4.4(a), the vendor may alter the Land, the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan and the Plan Instrument or any of them in any way and the purchaser must not Object in relation to the alteration.
- 36.4.2. The vendor may register any easement or other encumbrance over the Land which is:
  - (a) shown on the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan or the Plan Instrument or which relates to matters disclosed or dealt with in this contract: or
  - (b) subject to clause 36.4.4(b), required by the Vendor, or by an Authority or otherwise in relation to the development of the Land, or the Vendor's surrounding land,

and the purchaser must not Object to such easements and other encumbrances.

- 36.4.3. The vendor can at any time serve notice if:
  - (a) the vendor makes or proposes to make an alteration to the Land, the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan and the Plan Instrument or nay of them; or
  - (b) the vendor registers or proposes to register easements or other encumbrances over the Land other than easements or encumbrances shown on the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan and/or the Plan Instrument or disclosed in this contract.

### 36.4.4. If:

- (a) any alteration or proposed alteration to the Land, the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan and the Plan Instrument or any of them is other than a Minor Alteration; or
- (b) a proposed easement or other encumbrance over the Land materially and detrimentally affects the construction of a dwelling house on the Land (other than easements or encumbrances shown on the Preliminary Plans, the Preliminary Plan Instruments, the Plan and/or the Plan Instrument or disclosed in this contract).

the purchaser may rescind by serving notice within 14 days after the earlier of:

- (i) the date the vendor serves notice of the alteration or proposed alteration;
- (ii) the date the vendor serves notice of Registration.

Time is of the essence under this clause 36.4.4. The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that the purchaser's right to rescind under this clause 36.4.4 will be

the purchaser's sole remedy in relation to the matters referred to in causes 36.4.4(a)(a) and 36.4.4(b).

# 36.4.5 if the purchaser does not rescind under clause 36.4.4 then:

- (a) the purchaser is regarded as consenting to the alteration or the proposed alteration (whether or not it is a Minor Alteration) or the easements or other encumbrances (whether or not they materially and detrimentally affect the construction of a dwelling house on the Land); and
- (b) the purchaser unconditionally and irrevocably releases the vendor from all Claims the purchaser has or may have against the vendor arising out of or in connection with the matters referred to in clauses 36.4.4(a) and 36.4.4(b).

# 37. Property sold in present condition

# 37.1. Planning restrictions

Without excluding, modifying or restricting the rights of the purchaser under section 52A(2)(B) of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and the *Conveyancing (Sale of Property)*Regulation 2010, the property is sold subject to:

- 1. the Registered Restrictions; and
- 2. all other restriction on the use and development of the property including those that are imposed or prescribed by law or an Authority.

# 37.2 <u>Purchaser's acknowledgements</u>

The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that:

- 1. the purchaser has relied solely on the purchaser's own inspections and enquiries in relation to:
  - the fitness or suitability of the property for any particular purpose of the purchaser including any financial return, income and investment potential of the property; and
  - (b) the purchaser's rights and obligations under this contract;
- 2. the Property Information was made available to the purchaser by the vendor or the vendor's representatives on the express basis that no representation or warranty was made or given by the vendor or the vendor's representatives about the accuracy, currency, exhaustiveness or completeness of the Property Information and the purchaser has relied solely on the purchaser's own inspection and enquires in relation to the Property Information.

### 37.3 No objection by purchaser

Subject to any rights of the purchaser under any legislation which cannot be excluded, the purchaser must not Object because of anything in connection with any of the matter's referred to in clauses 37.1 or 37.2.

# 38. Adjustments to price

### 38.1. Council and water rates

For the purposes of clause 14 of the Printed Form, if by completion of this contract, a separate assessment of council rates or water and sewerage rates has not issued for the property for the rating year current at completion (in respect of council rates) or the rating period current at completion (in respect of water and sewerage rates) then:

- on completion, adjustments for those rates will be made on the amounts referred to in the Reference Schedule on an unpaid basis with a vendor allowance for the period from the date of Registration of the Plan, to the date of completion;
- 2. the parties are not required to make any further adjustments of council rates or water and sewerage rates when a separate assessment issues for those rates; and
- 3. the purchaser will pay the actual separate assessment for those rates for the relevant rating year of quarter (as applicable) if and when they issue.

# 38.2 Parent title land tax and periodic outgoings

Where any council rates, water and sewer rates, land tax, charges or other periodic outgoings in respect of the Land for the rating year or period current at completion (or any prior rating year or period) have been assessed on the title of any land that includes the Land (Parent Title) but have not been separately assessed for the Land, the vendor undertakes to pay those assessments on or before the due date for payment and the purchaser cannot Object, require the vendor to pay those assessments on or before completion or require the vendor to remove any charge on the Parent Title for any rate, tax, charge or periodic outgoing on or before completion.

### 39. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the property or the vendor by any real estate agent or other person entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale (other than the vendor's agent, if any, specified in this contract). The purchaser will indemnify the vendor against any claim for commission by any real estate agent or other person arising out of an introduction of the purchaser and against all Claims and expenses for the defence and determination of such a Claim made against the vendor as a result of the breach of this warranty by the purchaser. This right continues after completion.

### 40. Caveat

The purchaser must not lodge a Caveat for recording on the Folio of the Registration for the Land or any part of the Land prior to the registration of the Plan.

# 41. Late Completion

Provided that the vendor is ready, willing and able to give title to the purchaser, if this contract is not completed for any reason (other than the vendor's default) on or before the

Date for Completion then in addition to any other right which the vendor may have under this contract or otherwise the purchaser will on completion of this contract pay to the vendor interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of ten per cent (10%) per annum calculated on daily balances, commencing on the Date for Completion and continuing until actual completion of this contract. This interest is a genuine pre-estimate of liquidated damages and will be deemed to be part of the balance of purchase money due and payable on completion.

# 42. Investment of Deposit

The Depositholder shall invest the deposit with the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, Maitland Branch within seven (7) days of the Purchaser paying the full deposit and providing their Tax File Number to the Depositholder. Any interest earned between the date of investing the deposit and a date which is twenty one (21) days prior to the Date for Completion shall be paid to the Purchaser provided that the Purchaser has not forfeited the deposit or is in default of this Contract. The interest shall be paid to the Purchaser within seven (7) days of the date the Depositholder is required to account for the deposit.

# 43. Completion

The due date for completion of this agreement shall be the latter of:

- (a) twenty eight (28) days from the date hereof; and
- (b) twenty one (21) days from the date the Vendor serves a notice in writing to the Purchaser informing him that the Plan has been Registered.

# 44. Notice to Complete

- 44.1. Despite any rule of law or equity to the contrary, the vendor and the purchaser agree that any notice to complete given by either party to the other party under this contract shall be reasonable as to time if a period of 14 days from the date of service of the notice is allowed for completion.
- 44.2. In the event that the vendor issues a Notice to Complete pursuant to clause 44.1 then the purchaser agrees to pay the sum of \$330.00 (inclusive of GST) to the vendor's solicitor on completion to reimburse the vendor for the cost of issuing the notice to complete. This clause does not affect the vendor's rights against the purchaser to recover any other damages.

### 45. Drainage Diagram

The purchaser acknowledges that if there is a proposed sewerage diagram attached to the contract, it may not represent the position of the services as they currently exist within the subject property but has been included in this contract for the purpose of identifying the position of Hunter Water Board's sewer. The Purchaser acknowledges that an up to date drainage diagram may not be available prior to completion but no objection requisition or Claim for compensation shall be made in this regard.

# 46. Requisitions on Title

For the purpose of clause 5.1 the form of requisitions about the property or title shall be in the form of the requisitions attached hereto.

### 47. Joint Services

No objection requisition or Claim for compensation shall be made by the Purchaser in respect to any gas, electricity or telephone service or connections to the property or because any such services are joint services to any other land or pass through any other land or because any similar services or connection for any other land pass through the property nor shall the Vendor be required to establish any easement right or privilege in respect to any such services.

# 48. Foreign Investment Review Board

The purchaser warrants that the purchaser is ordinarily a resident in Australia and that no approvals are required from the Government of Australia and/or the Reserve Bank of Australia and/or the Foreign Investment Review Board to enable the Purchaser to complete this Agreement. The Purchaser hereby agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor from and against any loss, damages, penalty, fine interest, costs and expenses incurred by the Vendor by reason of a breach of this warranty. The provisions of this clause shall not merge on completion.

### 49. Cooling-Off Period

The Purchaser's cooling off period in accordance with Section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 is extended from five (5) business days to fifteen (15) business days after the date on which the Contract was made unless if at or before the time of the Contract was made the Purchasers gives the Vendor (or the Vendor's Solicitor or Agent) a certificate that complies with the Section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919.

# 50. Deposit

The deposit being that sum referred to on the particulars page may be paid by instalments as follows:-

- (a) As to 0.25% of the purchase price on the making of this Contract; and
- (b) As to the balance of the 10% deposit at any time before the expiry of the cooling off period (if any).

The payment of each instalment of the deposit is an essential obligation.

# 51. Capacity

Without in any way limiting, negating or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if

- either party (and if more than one person comprises that other party then any one of them) prior to completion:
- 51.1 dies or becomes mentally ill, then either party may rescind this contract by written notice to the first party's solicitor and thereupon this contract will be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 apply; or
- a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enters into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then the first party will be in default under this contract.

# **Reference Schedule**

Council rates adjustment	One thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500.00)	
	per annum	
Water rates adjustment	Fifty dollars (\$50.00) every four months	

#### **RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE**

Vendor: Property:

3.

Grange Estates (NSW) Pty Limited ACN 079 624 909 as trustee for Maitland Vale Trust Proposed Lots 301-319, in unregistered subdivision of 16 Esk Circuit, Maitland Vale

#### Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. Noted
- 2. Is anyone else in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it? Not as far as vendor is aware
  - (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy? **Vendor as owner** 
    - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment. *Not applicable*
    - (c) Please specify any existing breaches. Not applicable
    - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion. *Not applicable*
    - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. *Not applicable*
    - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion. *Not applicable*
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW)? If so, please provide details. **No**
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW): Not applicable
  - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
  - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

#### Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations. *Noted*
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion. *Noted*
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, in full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion. **Not as far as Vendor is aware**
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected? *CoRD held by Greater Bank Limited*
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion. *Not as far as Vendor is aware*

#### **Adjustments**

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion. *Noted*
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so: *Not as far as vendor aware* 
  - (a) to what year has a return been made?
  - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
- 13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW) at least 14 days before completion. **Noted**

# Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation. *Noted*
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion. **No**

- 16. (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with? Yes so far as vendor aware
  - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure? **Not as far as vendor aware**
  - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance. **No**
  - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW)* for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance. *No*
  - (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years: Not applicable
    - (i) Please identify the building work carried out;
    - (ii) When was the building work completed?
    - (iii) Please state the builder's name and licence number;
    - (iv) Please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).
- 17. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property? **Not as far as vendor aware**
- 18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale: **Not applicable** 
  - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
  - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
  - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW)* and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
  - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
  - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
  - (f) originals of certificate or compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
- 19. (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong? Jointly with adjoining owners
  - (a) Are there any party walls? **No**
  - (b) If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion. *Not applicable*
  - (c) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
  - (d) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act* 1991 (NSW) or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)*? **No**

### **Affectations**

- 20. Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract? **No**
- 21. Is the vendor aware of:
  - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land? **Vendor relies on contract**
  - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land? *Vendor relies on contract*
  - (c) any latent defects in the property? No
- 22. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following:
  - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition? No
  - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion. **No**
  - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the Property of the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser? *No*
  - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion. No
  - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property? No

- (f) any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass? **No**
- 23. (a) Does the property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services? *Purchaser should rely on own enquiries* 
  - (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land? Purchaser should rely on own enquiries. Vendor relies on Contract for Sale
  - (c) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property? **Purchaser should rely on own enquiries. Vendor relies on Contract for Sale**
- 24. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or to limit access to or from the Property or to an easement over any part of the Property? *Not as far as vendor is aware*

#### Capacity

25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale. *What evidence is required?* 

# **Requisitions and Transfer**

- 26. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance* certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion. **Noted**
- 27. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order. *Noted*
- 28. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement. *Noted*
- 29. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspections of title deeds must prove satisfactory. *Noted*
- 30. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion. **Noted, but not** admitted
- 31. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as the completion date. *Noted*

